OUTLINE OF TOPICS	
1. The nature of prudence: as practical wisdom, as a virtue or quality of the deliberative mind	PAGE 480
2. The place of prudence among the virtues of the mind	481
2a. Practical or political wisdom distinguished from speculative or philosophical wisdom	
2b. Prudence distinguished from art: action or doing contrasted with production or making	
2c. The relation of prudence to intuitive reason or to the understanding of the natural law: the moral perception of particulars	
3. The interdependence of prudence and the moral virtues: the parts played by deliberation, will, and emotion in human conduct	
3a. Moral virtue as determining the end for which prudence makes a right choice of means: right desire as the standard of practical truth	482
3b. Prudence as a factor in the formation and maintenance of moral virtue: the determination of the relative or subjective mean	
3c. Shrewdness or cleverness as the counterfeit of prudence: the abuses of casuistry	
3d. Prudence, continence, and temperance	
3e. The vices of imprudence: precipitance and undue caution	483
4. The sphere of prudence	
4a. The confinement of prudence to the things within our power: the relation of prudence to free will, choice, and deliberation	
4b. The restriction of prudence to the consideration of means rather than ends	484
5. The nature of a prudent judgment	
5a. The conditions of prudent choice: counsel, deliberation, judgment	
5b. The acts of the practical reason in matters open to choice: decision and command, leading to execution or use	485
5c. The maxims of prudence	
6. Prudence in relation to the common good of the community	

6a. Political prudence: the prudence of the prince or statesman, of the subject or

6b. Jurisprudence: prudence in the determination of laws and the adjudication of

citizen

CHAPTER 73: PRUDENCE from the Syntopicon

479

486